SAFETY DATA SHEET

B65T54

Product name	: COROTHANE® I - HS Moisture Cure Urethane Ultradeep Base
Product code	: B65T54
Other means of identification	: Not available.
CAS #	: Not applicable.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / D.F. 5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 22.3%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017 Version : 7 1/19

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL. Gives off harmful vapor of solvents and isocyanates. DO NOT USE IF YOU HAVE CHRONIC (LONG-TERM) LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS, OR IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD A REACTION TO ISOCYANATES. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHERE OVERSPRAY IS PRESENT, A POSITIVE PRESSURE AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR (NIOSH approved) SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT EXPOSURE. IF UNAVAILABLE, AN APPROPRIATE PROPERLY FITTED APPROVED NIOSH VAPOR/PARTICULATE RESPIRATOR MAY BE EFFECTIVE. Follow directions for respirator use. Wear the respirator for the whole time of spraying and until all vapors and mists are gone. If you have any breathing problems during use, LEAVE THE AREA and get fresh air. If problems remain or happen later, IMMEDIATELY call a doctor - If not available get emergency medical treatment. Have this label with you. Reacts with water in closed container to produce pressure which may cause container to burst.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 7	2/19

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureOther means of: Not available.identification

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	22.28	28182-81-2
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	21.2	14808-60-7
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	20.95	28182-81-2
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	8.75	110-43-0
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3.18	64742-95-6
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	2.71	95-63-6
Xylene	2.17	1330-20-7
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	1.97	4083-64-1
Diethylene Glycol	1.24	111-46-6
n-Butyl Acetate	1.24	123-86-4
Phosphoric Acid Ester	1.11	
Ethyl Orthoformate	1.06	122-51-0
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.96	108-10-1
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.42	41556-26-7
Ethylbenzene	0.37	100-41-4
Cumene	0.34	98-82-8
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	0.16	822-06-0
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	0.14	77-58-7
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	0.11	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary f	<u>st aid measures</u>
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017 Version : 7 3/19

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation:Skin contact:Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptomEye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:	Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptomEye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards. S Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Inhalation:Skin contact:Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptomEye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:	Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards. S Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact:Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptomEye contact:Inhalation:Skin contact:	symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards. S Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion:Over-exposure signs/symptomEye contactInhalationSkin contact:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Over-exposure signs/symptom Eye contact : Inhalation : Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Eye contact : Inhalation : Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Inhalation : Skin contact :	pain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact :	respiratory tract irritation coughing
	asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician :	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
	No specific treatment.
	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 7	4/19
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	-------------	-------------	------

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable artigration to black dry chamical and under anyour (feet) or form	
Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. media	
Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash bac Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	-
Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breatl apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	hing

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017 Version : 7 5/19

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	 None. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours.

	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
Xylene	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate Diethylene Glycol	None. AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
n-Butyl Acetate	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Phosphoric Acid Ester Ethyl Orthoformate	None. None.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate Ethylbenzene	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017 Version : 7 7/19

	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm to hours. TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	-
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 245 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 0.03 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 0.035 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes.
	CEIL: 0.14 mg/m ³ 10 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
Pentamethyliperidyl Sebacate	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Exposure limits				
 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction. 				
 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. 				

	TWAEV: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	Absorbed through skin.
	15 min OEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	8 hrs OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
	STEV: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (measured as Sn) 15
	minutes.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (measured as Sn) 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
	LMPE-PPT: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
	LMPE-PPT: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
•	LMPE-PPT: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
	LMPE-CT: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	LMPE-PPT: 100 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
,	LMPE-PPT: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	LMPE-CT: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed
5	through skin.
	LMPE-PPT: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
	LMPE-CT: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	other engine recommend	th adequate ventilation. eering controls to keep v ded or statutory limits. T st concentrations below equipment.	vorker exposure to a he engineering conf	airborne contam trols also need to	inants be o keep ga	elow any as,
Environmental exposure controls	they comply cases, fume	from ventilation or work p y with the requirements of e scrubbers, filters or eng essary to reduce emission	of environmental pro gineering modification	otection legislatic ons to the proce	on. In sor	me
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version	:7	9/19

Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Caption 0 Dhysical	and chamical proportion

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 123°C (253.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 42°C (107.6°F) [Tagliabue Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7.9%
Vapor pressure	: 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	: 3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.2
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017 Version : 7

10/19

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm ² /s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 11.68 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
Polymer				
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
Polymer				
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2234 mg/kg	-
Diethylene Glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Orthoformate	LD50 Oral	Rat	7060 mg/kg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
(max.)				
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2071 mg/kg	-

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
elymer	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
		Dahhit		milligrams	
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
olymen	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	_
				milligrams	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
		Datati		milligrams	
ight Aromatic Hydrocarbons.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
(ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	_
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		microliters 24 hours 500	
	Skill - Moderate Initalit	Rabbit	-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	_
-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Noth Jone Church	Even Mild imitent	Dabbit		microliters	
Diethylene Glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	50 milligrams 72 hours 112	-
		Turnan	-	milligrams	-
				Intermittent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 24 hours 500	_
		Rabbit		milligrams	
Ethyl Orthoformate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 24 hours 100	_
Netry isobuty Retone		Tabbit	-	microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 24 hours 15	
		Rabbit		milligrams	
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	milligrams 24 hours 100	_
				milligrams	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Xylene	-	3	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Diethylene Glycol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Cumene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Section 11. Toxicological information

Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	Inhalation	Not determined
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Xylene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Diethylene Glycol	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Cumene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	Oral	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	uts
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the pl	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 4/19/2017 Version : 7 14/19

Delayed and immediate eff	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ifects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.
Numerical measures of to:	xicity
Acute toxicity estimates	

Route	ATE value	
Oral Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapors)	10507.9 mg/kg 179144.6 ppm 19.04 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Diethylene Glycol	Acute LC50 75200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017 Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017 Version :	7 15/

Section 12. Ecological information

	U		
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 2600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7400 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10600 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Xylene	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	-	367.7	low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low	
Xylene	-	8.1 to 25.9	low	
Diethylene Glycol	-	100	low	
Cumene	-	35.48	low	
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	-	57.63	low	
DibutyItin Dilaurate	-	2.91	low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
--	------------------	---

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 7	16/19
--------------------------------	-------------	------------------------	-------------	-------------	-------

Section 14. Transport information

the IBC Code

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	Ш	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).			Emergency schedules (EmS F-E, S-E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precaution	consic mode suitab prior to respor unload	nodal shipping descr ler container sizes. T of transport (sea, air ly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio	he presence of a sh , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained o	nipping description icate that the prod ng must be review blicable regulation of for transport. Pe n all of the risks do	uct is packaged ved for suitability s is the sole ople loading and

Proper shipping name	: Not available.
Ship type	: Not available.
Pollution category	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 7	17/19

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZ SKIN SENSITIZATION - C CARCINOGENICITY - Cat TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA irritation) - Category 3	on) - Category 4 ATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ATION - Category 1 ategory 1 egory 1A	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
History Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue Version Key to abbreviations	 : 4/28/2017 : 4/28/2017 : 4/19/2017 : 7 : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = ma UN = United Nations 	befficient tion of Pollution From Ships, 1973
Notice to reader		

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/28/2017	Date of previous issue	: 4/19/2017	Version : 7	18/19
--	------------------------	-------------	-------------	-------

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

e : 4/19/2017